# **Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-251**

Current through 2023 Regular Session and September Special Session

***LexisNexis® Connecticut Annotated Statutes*  > *Title 53a Penal Code (Chs. 950 — 952)* > *Chapter 952 Penal Code: Offenses (Pts. I — XXVI)* > *Part XXII Computer-Related Offenses (§§ 53a-250 — 53a-262)***

**Sec. 53a-251. Computer crime.**

**(a) Defined.** A person commits computer crime when he violates any of the provisions of this section.

**(b) Unauthorized access to a computer system.**

**(1)** A person is guilty of the computer crime of unauthorized access to a computer system when, knowing that he is not authorized to do so, he accesses or causes to be accessed any computer system without authorization.

**(2)** It shall be an affirmative defense to a prosecution for unauthorized access to a computer system that: (A) The person reasonably believed that the owner of the computer system, or a person empowered to license access thereto, had authorized him to access; (B) the person reasonably believed that the owner of the computer system, or a person empowered to license access thereto, would have authorized him to access without payment of any consideration; or (C) the person reasonably could not have known that his access was unauthorized.

**(c) Theft of computer services.** A person is guilty of the computer crime of theft of computer services when he accesses or causes to be accessed or otherwise uses or causes to be used a computer system with the intent to obtain unauthorized computer services.

**(d) Interruption of computer services.** A person is guilty of the computer crime of interruption of computer services when he, without authorization, intentionally or recklessly disrupts or degrades or causes the disruption or degradation of computer services or denies or causes the denial of computer services to an authorized user of a computer system.

**(e) Misuse of computer system information.** A person is guilty of the computer crime of misuse of computer system information when: (1) As a result of his accessing or causing to be accessed a computer system, he intentionally makes or causes to be made an unauthorized display, use, disclosure or copy, in any form, of data residing in, communicated by or produced by a computer system; or (2) he intentionally or recklessly and without authorization (A) alters, deletes, tampers with, damages, destroys or takes data intended for use by a computer system, whether residing within or external to a computer system, or (B) intercepts or adds data to data residing within a computer system; or (3) he knowingly receives or retains data obtained in violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection; or (4) he uses or discloses any data he knows or believes was obtained in violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection.

**(f) Destruction of computer equipment.** A person is guilty of the computer crime of destruction of computer equipment when he, without authorization, intentionally or recklessly tampers with, takes, transfers, conceals, alters, damages or destroys any equipment used in a computer system or intentionally or recklessly causes any of the foregoing to occur.

**History**

P.A. 84-206, S. 2.

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